



Core Java

- INTRODUCTION TO JAVA Why Java was Developed
 - ◆ Application Areas of Java
 - ◆ History of Java
 - ◆ Platform Independency in Java
 - ◆ USP of Java: Java Features
 - ◆ Sun-Oracle Deal
 - ◆ Different Java Platforms
 - ◆ Difference between JDK,JRE,JVM
 - ◆ Java Versions
 - ◆ JVM Architecture
 - ◆ Installing Java on Windows
 - ◆ Understanding Path Variable: Why Set Path
- CREATING FIRST JAVA PROGRAM
 - ◆ Understanding Text Editors to Write Programs
 - ◆ How to compile java file
 - ◆ Byte Code and class file
 - ◆ How to run class file
- JAVA LANGUAGE FUNDAMENTALS
 - ◆ Identifiers
 - ◆ Keywords
 - ◆ Variables
 - ◆ Literals
 - ◆ Data Types
 - ◆ Operators
 - ◆ Comments
 - ◆ Looping Statements
 - ◆ Condition Statements
 - ◆ TypeCasting

- **OOP IMPLEMENTATION (PIE)**
 - ◆ Why OOP
 - ◆ OOP Concepts with Real life examples
 - ◆ Class & it's Syntax
 - ◆ Object & it's Syntax
 - ◆ Reference Variable
 - ◆ Constructors
 - ◆ Instance (Non-Static) & Static Variables
 - ◆ Instance(Non-Static) & Static Methods
 - ◆ This Keyword and it's usages
 - ◆ Object & Static Initializers (Anonymous Blocks)
 - ◆ Understanding '+' Operator
 - ◆ Inheritance& it's Syntax
 - ◆ Types of Inheritance
 - ◆ Object Class as Root of Java Class Hierarchy
 - ◆ Variable Hiding
 - ◆ Method Hiding
 - ◆ Method Overriding
 - ◆ Method Overloading
 - ◆ Super keyword and it's usages
 - ◆ Final keyword and it's usages
 - ◆ Constructor Chaining
 - ◆ Upcasting and Downcasting
 - ◆ Static &Dynamic Binding
 - ◆ Run Time Polymorphism
 - ◆ Abstract Keyword(Abstract classes and methods)
 - ◆ Understanding Interfaces
 - ◆ Implementation of Encap -sulation
 - ◆ Association with Imple -mentation
- **PACKAGES**
 - ◆ Understanding Packages
 - ◆ Setting Class path
 - ◆ Reading Input from Keyboard
 - ◆ Access Modifiers
 - ◆ With in Package & Outside Package Implements
- **NESTED TYPES**
 - ◆ Static Nested Class
 - ◆ Non-static Nested Class
 - ◆ Local Class

- ◆ Anonymous Class
- ◆ Nested Interface
- **ARRAYS**
 - ◆ General Definition of Array
 - ◆ Advantages from Array
 - ◆ Arrays in Java
 - ◆ 1-d Arrays
 - ◆ 2-d Arrays
 - ◆ Jagged Arrays
 - ◆ Array of reference type
 - ◆ Operations on Arrays
 - ◆ User Define Array & Object Type
- **COMMAND LINE ARGUMENTS AND WRAPPER CLASSES**
 - ◆ How to read command line arguments
 - ◆ Wrapper Classes
 - ◆ Parsing of Numeric Strings
 - ◆ String representation of Primitives
- **EXCEPTION HANDLING**
 - ◆ Types of Runtime Errors
 - ◆ Understanding Exceptions
 - ◆ Exception Class Hierarchy
 - ◆ Try & Catch Blocks
 - ◆ Patterns of Catch Block
 - ◆ Nested Try statements
 - ◆ Throw, throws and finally
 - ◆ Creating Custom Exceptions
 - ◆ Checked & Unchecked Exceptions
 - ◆ Assertion
- **WORKING WITH STRINGS**
 - ◆ What is String?
 - ◆ String Class
 - ◆ Creating String Object
 - ◆ Operations on String
 - ◆ String Buffer Class and it's Methods
 - ◆ Difference between String and StringBuffer class
 - ◆ String Builder Class and it's Methods
 - ◆ Difference between String Buffer and String Builder
- **SWING**
 - ◆ Introduction to AWT

- ◆ Introduction to Swing Components
- ◆ Look And Feel of Swing Components
- ◆ MVC Architecture of Swing Components
- ◆ Working with Image
- ◆ Advance Swing Components
- ◆ OptionPane, Jtree, Jtable, JTabbedPane
- ◆ Jfile Chooser, Jcolor Choose
- **Menu Components**
 - ◆ JMenu, JMenuItem
 - ◆ JMenuBar
- **MULTITHREADED PROGRAM -MING**
 - ◆ Multitasking: Why Concurrent Execution?
 - ◆ Multiprocessing v/s Multithreading
 - ◆ Main Thread (Default Java Thread)
 - ◆ Creating Child Threads and understanding context switching
 - ◆ Thread States
 - ◆ Thread Group
 - ◆ Thread Synchronization: Methods and Blocks
 - ◆ Inter-Thread communication
 - ◆ Daemon Threads
 - ◆ Deadlock
- **I/O STREAMS**
 - ◆ What is I/O?
 - ◆ Why Need Streams?
 - ◆ Byte Streams and Character Streams
 - ◆ Read/Write operations with file
 - ◆ Scanner Class
 - ◆ Object Serialization & Deserialization
 - ◆ Transient keyword
 - ◆ File Class and it's Methods
- **SOCKET PROGRAMMING**
 - ◆ Understanding Fundamentals of a Network
 - ◆ Socket and Server Socket Classes
 - ◆ Inet Address Class
 - ◆ Datagram Socket and Datagram Packet Classes
 - ◆ URL, URL Connection, Http URL Connection Classes
- **REFLECTION**
 - ◆ Understanding the Need Of Reflection

- ◆ Getting information about class's modifiers, fields, methods, constructors and super classes
- ◆ Finding out constant and method declaration belong to an interface
- ◆ Creating an instance of the class whose name is not known until runtime
- ◆ Getting and setting values of an object's field if field name is unknown until runtime
- ◆ Invoking a method on an object if the method is unknown until runtime
- ◆ Invoking Private Methods
- **EXTENDED & UTILITY CONCEPTS**
 - ◆ Generics
 - ◆ Lambda Expression
 - ◆ Annotations
 - ◆ Object Cloning
 - ◆ Vargs
 - ◆ Static-import
 - ◆ Enum
 - ◆ Static, Default and Private Methods of Interface
 - ◆ Var Type
 - ◆ Java Modules
 - ◆ Stream API
- **INTRODUCTION TO SQL (PROJECT BASED)**
- **DATABASE PROGRAMMING USING JDBC**
 - ◆ Need Of JDBC
 - ◆ JDBC Drivers Comparable Interfaces
 - ◆ Statement, PreparedStatement, CallableStatement
 - ◆ Scrollable and Updatable Result Set
 - ◆ Batch Updates
 - ◆ Transaction
 - ◆ Metadata
 - ◆ Connection Data Base
 - ◆ Oracle
 - ◆ My SQL